

HAVE YOU EVER used the word 'only' in the same sentence as '90 degrees' or found yourself convinced that gardening where you live is a sort of purification process akin to hot yoga? If so, then you are probably an inland gardener and you rightfully impress other horticulturists with your enthusiasm in the face of great heat! Your plant choices and placements are best guided by well researched principles. Seasonal changes in your garden will be quite impressive and your design will emphasize architectural qualities of plants and not just color or foliage.

Listed here are some of the many plants that will, if placed properly, help to create a habitat inviting not only to you but also to butterflies, hummingbirds and pollinators of all sorts. So either in spite of your hottest summer days or happily in harmony with them, we hope you find inspiration in the beauty of these plants. (*regionally appropriate nonnative, ASH afternoon shade, SH shade)

TIPS FOR PLANTING:

- Plant in fall and winter, your success rate will be much higher
- When planting avoid the heat of the day and heat waves
- Backfill with moist soil when planting
- When establishing a plant they will need more water than published requirements
- Pick up or download our planting guide or watch our planting video before putting plants into the ground
- Micro-climates are areas in your yard that don't conform to average climate conditions and should be noted before planting (i.e. full sun site but even hotter than average due to reflected sun from walls and no air movement)
- Water deeply to reach the bottom of the root ball



Water 2-4x a month

Achillea millefolium - Yarrow, 1'x spreading -ASH
Cercis occidentalis - Western Redbud, 20'x 10-15', ASH
Isocoma menziesii - Goldenbush, 3'x 4'
Justicia californica - Chuparosa, 4'x 4'
Lobelia laxiflora * - Mexican Lobelia, 2'x spreading, ASH
Muhlenbergia rigens - Deergrass, 3'x 3'
Symphyotrichum chilense - California Aster, 2' x spreading ASH
Tecoma sp. * - Orange/Yellow Bells, 6-12'x 6-12'
Vitis girdiana - Desert Wild Grape, climbing

Water 1-2x a month

Artemisia californica - California Sagebrush, 3-4'x 2-3'
Baccharis sp. - Coyote Brush, wide size range
Berberis 'Golden Abundance' - Oregon Grape, 5-8'x 6'
Gambelia juncea * - Baja Bush Snapdragon, 3-6'x 5-8'
Heuchera sp. - Coral Bells, 1-2'x 1-2' SH
Melampodium leucanthum - Blackfoot Daisy 1-2'x 1-2'
Melica imperfecta - California Melic, 2'x 2' Summer Dormant
Monardella odoratissima - Mountain Pennyroyal, 1'x 1-2' ASH
Penstemon sp. - Buglers, 1-3'x 2-3'
Peritoma arborea - Bladderpod, 4'x 6'
Ribes sp. - Currants and Gooseberries, 10'x 5-10' ASH
Salvia sp. - Sage, wide size range
Symphoricarpos mollis - Creeping Snowberry, 2-3'x 3' SH

Water 1x a month

Abutilon palmeri - Palmer's Mallow, 5'x 5'
Adenostoma fasciculatum - Chamise, 5+ x 6'
Aristida purpurea - Purple Three-Awn, 1-2'x 1'
Artemisia tridentata - Great Basin Sagebrush, 15'x 10'
Berberis nevini - Nevin's Barberry, 13'x 6-12'
Calliandra californica * - Baja Fairyduster, 3-5'x 5'
Cercocarpus betuloides - Mountain Mahogany, 8-20'x 12'
Chilopsis linearis - Desert Willow, 23'x 10-20'
Dendromecon rigida - Bush Poppy, 3-10'x 3-8'
Elymus condensatus - Giant Wild Rye, 4-8' x 6'
Encelia farinosa - Brittlebush, 3'x 4'
Epilobium sp. - California Fuchsia, 1-3' x spreading
Eriogonum sp. - Buckwheat, 1-3' x 2-5'
Fallugia paradoxa - Apache Plume, 6'x 6'
Hesperaloe parviflora * - Red Yucca, 3-4'x 4-5'
Heteromeles arbutifolia - Toyon, 15-30'x 10-15'
Lysiloma watsonii * - Fern of the Desert, 11-20'x 11-20'
Prunus ilicifolia - Hollyleaf Cherry, 30'x 20'
Quercus sp. - Oaks, wide size range
Rhamnus crocea - Redberry, 5+ x 5+ ASH
Rhamnus ilicifolia - Hollyleaf Redberry, 5+ x 5+ ASH
Rhus ovata - Sugarbush, 20'x 30'
Simmondsia chinensis - Jojoba, 7'x 4-7'
Sphaeralcea ambigua - Desert Globemallow, 3'x 2-4'
Thymophylla pentachaeta - Golden Dogbane, 1'x 1'